ozonizating either aerated aqueous suspension withdrawn from the aeration tank or a part of the separated sludge, the ozonizating taking place at a pH of 5 or lower and a greater amount of biosludge being ozonized and converted into BOD components than excess sludge generated in the bioreactor; and

recycling either—the ozonized aerated aqueous suspension or the ozonized part of the separated sludge back to the aeration tank for aerobic biological treatment.

12. (Amended) A process for aerobic biological treatment of an aqueous organic waste comprising the steps of:

introducing the aqueous organic waste into an aeration tank;
aerating the aqueous organic waste in the aeration tank in
the presence of a biosludge composed essentially of aerobic
microorganisms to form an aerated aqueous suspension;

withdrawing aerated aqueous suspension from the aeration tank and introducing it into a membrane separation unit;

subjecting the aerated aqueous suspension in the membrane separation unit to membrane separation to form a permeated liquid and a concentrated sludge containing the biosludge;

withdrawing the permeated liquid from the process as treated water;

recycling at least a portion of the concentrated sludge back to the aeration tank;

ozonizating either aerated aqueous suspension withdrawn from the aeration tank or a part of the concentrated sludge, the ozonizating taking place at a pH of 5 or lower and a greater amount of biosludge being ozonized and converted into BOD components than excess sludge generated in the bioreactor; and

recycling either—the—ozonized aerated aqueous suspension or the ozonized part of the concentrated sludge back to the aeration tank for aerobic biological treatment.

REMARKS

Acknowledgement is made of the Examiner's request for a substitute specification. A substitute specification will be

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